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SMALL MOLECULE FIXATION BY A SULFUR-NITROGEN RADICAL

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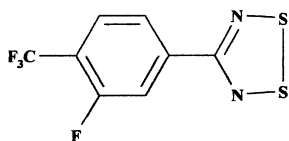
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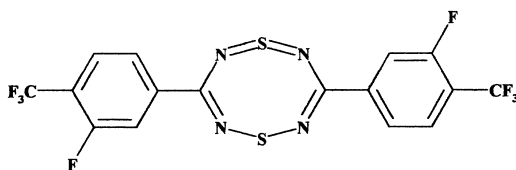
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The radical **1**, $\text{CF}_3\text{C}_6\text{H}_3\text{FCNSSN}$, crystallizes with a close-packed layer-like structure (triclinic *P*-1) when sublimed under vacuum (Figure 1a). On sublimation under a partial atmosphere of N_2 , Ar, CO_2 , SO_2 , and CH_4 , a more open structure with a very similar layer-like pattern is formed (orthorhombic *Pbcn*), but here the layers are buckled such that channels exist along the *c*-direction (Figure 1b) with the guest molecules accommodated within the channels. In comparison, no inclusion is observed during sublimation in the presence of CFCl_3 and CF_2Cl_2 whereas sublimation under O_2 generates the dithiatetrazocine, **2**. It is thought that the reason behind the inclusion behavior of **1** is that favorable intermolecular interactions ($\text{S}^{\delta+} \cdots \text{N}^{\delta-}$ and $\text{S}^{\delta+} \cdots \text{F}^{\delta-}$) are maximized and unfavorable ones ($\text{F}^{\delta-} \cdots \text{F}^{\delta-}$) minimized by adopting the more open inclusion structure.



1



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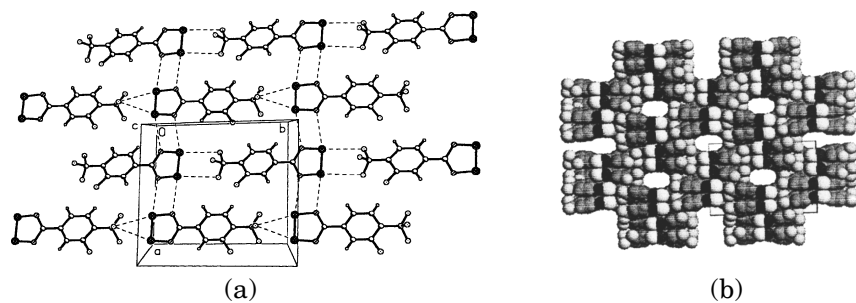


FIGURE 1 a) Layer-like structure of **1** and b) space-filling diagram of the host-guest structure **1.N₂**.